

# Stewardship in the National Skills Agreement

# Governments working collaboratively and purposefully to address Australia's skills needs

#### What is the new stewardship model?

The National Skills Agreement (NSA) embeds a model of shared stewardship, to be led by the Skills and Workforce Ministerial Council, that fundamentally changes the way governments work together to deliver on Australia's major economic and social priorities, while allowing all governments the flexibility to act to meet their local skills needs and demand.

The key principles of skills sector stewardship are:

- Joint Responsibility leadership by all governments to achieve long term reform of the skills sector
- Collaboration and Engagement working together, including tripartite engagement and
  collaboration with key stakeholders from across the community, to set shared outcomes for skills
  and workforce development and agree on reforms
- Evidence Informed leading results-based decision making and continuous review and improvement
- **Transparency** Communication of agreed actions, targets, and progress of reform.

Shared stewardship will replace a more transactional, and too often adversarial, approach to funding and delivery that has existed in the skills sector. It will ensure the funding available under the National Skills Agreement is used to achieve the best possible outcomes based on collaboration, agreed targets and priorities and an evidence-based approach to drive continuous improvement.

A key deliverable of the stewardship model will be publicly available national and jurisdictional skills plans that set out how governments will meet the outcomes sought for the skills sector and deliver on agreed national priorities and targets, including both new reforms and existing programs.

The plans will be developed through engagement with the VET sector, tripartite leadership bodies such as Jobs and Skills Councils, and in partnership with First Nations organisations and communities.

A National Skills Plan will be published by June 2024 and jurisdictional plans, including a Commonwealth plan, by November 2024.

The national and jurisdictional plans will be reviewed annually to consider new evidence and emerging priorities or address shortcomings in existing approaches.

#### What are the agreed national priorities?

The national priorities are areas governments have agreed require focused effort to ensure all Australians have access to the education, training and support needed to obtain well-paid jobs, to address critical skill and workforce shortages in the Australian economy, and reform the VET system.

National priorities are areas that will have the greatest impact on outcomes, including nationally significant skills, workforces, cohorts and reform actions to address gaps. The inaugural national priorities are:

- Gender equality
- Closing the Gap
- Supporting the Net Zero transformation
- Sustaining essential care services
- Developing Australia's sovereign capability and food security
- Ensuring Australia's digital and technology capability, and
- Delivering reforms to improve the regulation of VET qualifications and quality.

#### What are the benefits of skill sector stewardship?

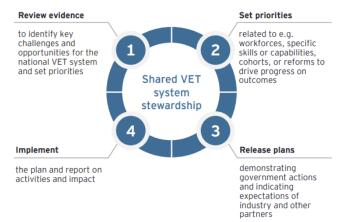
Stewardship encompasses responsible planning and management of resources to ensure the long-term interests of the Australian community.

A shared stewardship model will facilitate improved collaboration and tripartite engagement and strengthened public transparency. The approach recognises the complexity of delivering on the desired outcomes and assumes that by working together we can achieve something greater than the sum of the individual parts.

Shared stewardship will provide a mechanism for agreement on what we want for individuals, society and the economy through the skills system – reflected in agreed population and system outcomes and targets – with individual governments identifying how they will contribute to these in their local context.

### How will stewardship operate?

The stewardship model will follow an annual cycle that supports routine collaboration, learning and results-based decision-making. This will build on existing arrangements for the skills sector with a central role for the Skills and Workforce Ministerial Council.



## What are the next steps and how will stakeholders be engaged?

The next step will be development of the outcomes framework, including targets, and the National Skills Plan across government in consultation with key stakeholders in the VET sector, through tripartite organisations and in partnership with First Nations organisations.

Following this process, an agreed National Skills Plan will be published in June 2024.